



CASE STUDY

| Name of the case study | Professional recognition of graduates in maritime sector |
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| Case study focus | Professional certification of graduates |
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| Country | Ukraine |
| Date | 5 th June, 2019 |
| Short description (Max. 300 characters) | The case study is focused on certification of graduates of maritime higher education institutions (HEIs) on a base of international professionally-oriented standards of competence for seafarers. Such certification is obligatory to access to the profession in maritime sector |
| Case study (max two pages) | The specific focus of the case – professional recognition of graduates as ships officers. Access to workplaces in international shipping is possible only on a base of appropriate certification. The regulations in this field are established by International Convention on Standards of Training, Certification and Watchkeeping for Seafarers, 1978, as amended, and in its annex - the Seafarers' Training, Certification and Watchkeeping Code, as amended (STCW Convention and Code). According to the STCW Convention each candidate for certification must (among other requirements) have completed approved education and training and meet the appropriate minimum standards of competence established i the STCW Code. Each minimum standard of competence in STCW Code has the following structure: - Competences, and for each competence, and - Criteria for evaluating competence. Each minimum standard of competence in STCW Code, in fact, is a standard for appropriate professional (occupational) qualification. Certificate of competence in STCW Code, in fact, is a standard for appropriate professional (occupational) qualification. Certificate of such certification is a certification authority. According to the STCW Convention is a confirmation that holder of certificate is qualified appropriately in sense of professional (occupational) qualification. Each minement of use STCW Convention, Governments are responsible for implementation of established international standards and for certification. Each certificate of competency issued on the stree of under the professional (occupational) qualification. Sovernments are responsible for implementation. Each certificate of competency issued in accordance with STCW Convention contains the phrase "The Government of certifies that" So, in this case the certification bodies are not concrete employers or their associations, but Governments of countries. On the other hand, the essence of such certification can be |









| common for different accurations |
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| common for different occupations: The professional (occupational) standard must be |
| established; |
| The body authorised for certification has to be |
| established; |
| The authorised body has to evaluate if candidate meet |
| the appropriate standard. |
| In a case of certification of seafarers the following principles are |
| implemented: |
| For institutions and programmes: |
| - Maritime education and training (MET) institutions have |
| to implement Quality Standard System (Quality |
| Assurance System); |
| MET programmes have to be continuously monitored |
| (content and implementation); |
| - Independent evaluation has to be conducted at intervals |
| of not more than five years; |
| For candidates for certification: |
| - It has to be proved that candidate achieved all prescribed |
| competencies and appropriate learning outcomes. |
| For this purpose 2 "action lines" are implemented : |
| Step-by-step examination during the study period |
| (traditional process for all HEIs); |
| Final assessment by external authorised body |
| (certification authority). |
| The institutional assessment and examination system, as well as |
| programmes in whole, is periodically inspected by national and |
| international authorities. |
| Final accomment for cortification is performed by State |
| Final assessment for certification is performed by State |
| Qualification Commission. Ukrainian national provision allows graduates to be certified during the final attestation in HEIs. |
| During the final attestation after the completion of study |
| programme 2 commissions work in parallel: |
| Degree Commissions work in parallel. Degree Commission established by HEI; |
| State Qualification Commission established by authorised |
| body (for professional certification). |
| These commissions make 2 independent decisions: |
| - On Degree awarding; |
| - On certification in accordance with STCW. |
| For certification in accordance with STCW the State Qualification |
| Commission checks if candidate fulfilled all requirements |
| concerning approved education and training, and examines him |
| independently. |
| In a case if candidate passes this examination successfully, the |
| commission decides to certify him. |
| In a case if candidate does not pass this examination successfully |
| in HEI, he is required to pass the examination latter at authorised |
| body (outside of HEI). |

Thank you!



